

geological, and archaeological interest is the "giara" (jar) of Teccu, built by the magma of ancient eruptions, which emerges like a dark island standing out from the surrounding hills.

The hardened flow is about 10 meters thick, and becomes thicker toward the mouth of the ancient volcano, called Sa Iba Manna, which is higher than the rest of the plateau and the top of which dominates much of the territory of Bari Sardo. Another landscape gem is the hill of *Su* Pranu. From various points at its top it

Of considerable interest from the nature standpoint, for the flora and fauna with which they are rich and because they are a place of passage of various species of migratory birds, are the wetlands of Bau 'e Nì and the ponds of Liggius. The town stands at the bottom of the *Teccu* plateau which, together with the hills of Pizzu 'e Monti, protects it from the prevailing northwesterly and sirocco winds and from the view of the coast, which in the past was the site of numerous invasions.



The "giara" of Teccu (above) slopes toward the coast for about four kilometers to plunge with its dark rocks into the waves of the sea near the localities of Punta Niedda (left) and Punta Su Mastixi.

Along the walls of the plateau and much of the hardened lava flow, there is a luxuriant, dense Mediterranean maquis providing the ideal habitat for various species of fauna, and which in the spring offers a varied range of fragrances and colors, dominated by the yellow of the broom.



Much of the seacoast of Bari Sardo is equipped with facilities for swimming, handicappedaccessible entrances, and parking areas.

Also available are numerous recreational activities, accommodation facilities, restaurants, cafés and bars. In some of these, especially those closest to the beach, the night life is particularly lively.







The promontory on which the Spanish tower stands divides the beach of Barì into two parts: the part to the north is called Mari de is ominis (Sea of the Men) and that to the south is the Mari de is femunas (Sea of the Women). These curious names date from the period when local customs would not permit men and women to bathe in the same waters.

South of the cliffs created by the basalts of *Teccu* is the beach of *Torre di Barì*, the most popular and frequented of the beaches, sun-kissed until dusk and set into a splendid landscape. Several kilometers long and a few dozen meters wide, it is split in half by a small granite promontory on which the Spanish tower after which the places are named ("Torre") stands. The part to the north of the tower, called *Mari de is ominis*, is characterized by coarse, light ochre-colored sand and is surrounded by a lovely dense pine forest.

The part to the south, called *Mari de is femunas*, formed by grey pebbles and fine sand, stretches as far as a large rock that separates it from a beach of fine light-colored sand mixed with pebbles.

The waters of this beach, called *Sa Marina*, sparkle with a thousand colors thanks to the plays of light created by the reflections of the sun on the pebbly sea bottom.

Behind it extend stretches of Mediterranean maquis, pines grove, and eucalyptus trees.

The beach ends at the locality of *Foxi*.



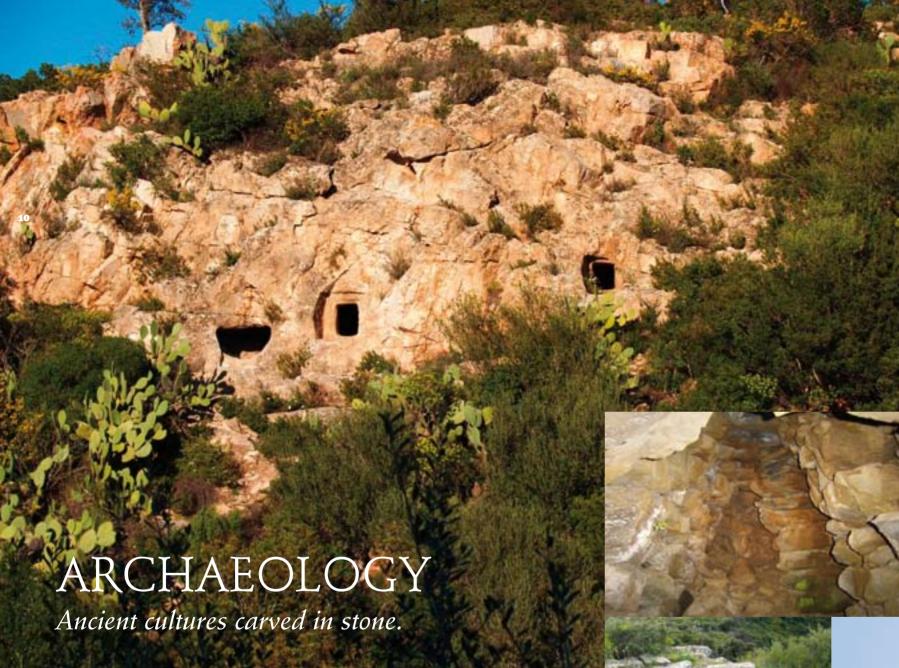


The beach of Foxi takes its name from the mouth ("foxi" in the local dialect) of the Bau 'e Nî stream, which flows into this part of the sea in the winter. The mouth, bordered by typical marsh vegetation, abounds with species of fauna such as coots, mallards, common moorhens, and herons; there are also various fish species that populate this type of water: grey mullet, bass, and eel.

The coast of Bari Sardo ends with the long beach of *Pranargia* e *Foddini*, several kilometers long and around a hundred meters wide, surrounded for its entire length by a large, cool pine forest.



The view sweeps over the long stretches of white beaches where, even in the middle of the summer, it is possible to spend long days far from the crowd and in total relaxation: beaches which, in the winter months (previous page), take on a particular charm, connected with the large spaces and the solitude of the places, ideal for taking long walks in contact with nature.



The territory of Bari Sardo boasts the presence of an extremely rich archaeological wealth dating from the prenuragic and nuragic periods. The most ancient remains date from the Neolithic Age; it is from this period that the numerous domus de janas, near which there are often millstones carved out of the granite (cuvettes), date. Much more represented is the nuragic period, with its numerous nuraghes, present throughout the territory but concentrated in particular on the Teccu plateau and the highlands running along the Riu Mannu, the district's most important stream. Unfortunately not all of the archaeological sites are easy to reach and enjoy. Only a few, the hypogene necropolises of *Pizzu 'e Monti* and *Funtana Su Rettore* and the Sellersu nuraghe, can be visited

The Sellersu nuraghe, situated on the Teccu plateau in a strategic position, dominates the entire Cea bay and offers a view of a splendid landscape. The monument, built of basalt, is in a fair state of preservation and consists of a main circular tower, a tower against it to the northwest, and an access structure. There was probably originally a south-southwestern tower also.

after a brief walk.



The hypogene necropolis of Pizzu'e Monti (left) consists of two domus de janas, in a good state of preservation, carved out of an outcrop of red porphyry. The first consists of an anti-cell and three cells developing longitudinally; the second, situated a bit higher up, is a single-cell domus built with an accurate craftsmanship.

The splendid hypogene necropolis of Funtana Su Rettore (above) is situated in the locality of the same name on the hills of Su Pranu. It consists of three two-cell domus de janas, in a good state of preservation, which develop above land from the outside inward. The hypogea open 234 meters above sea level on a steep porphyry wall.





No stay in Bari Sardo can be without a visit to the parish church of Beata Vergine del Monserrato. Of exceptional impressiveness and majesty for such a small town as Bari Sardo, it stands out in the urban fabric with its octagonal cupola and campanile decorated in the "Barochetto" style, which elegantly dominates the town with its height of 35 meters.

Winding one's way through the narrow alleyways of the oldest part of the town, it is possible to discover several old and typical dwellings.

The true symbol of Bari Sardo is, without a doubt, its splendid Spanish Tower which, with its beauty and impressiveness, characterizes the entire coastal area of *Torre di Barì*. From a small promontory it dominates the entire coast, for the defense of which it was erected in the 17th century by decree of the King of Spain Philip II.



The Parish Church, built in the 17th century, has a single nave, with a transept and three chapels on each side. The exterior of the church is very simple. In fact, the façade has a granite doorframe containing the sole portal, crowned by a false lunette, contrasting with a rich interior characterized by a generous use of prized marbles and decorations.



Reduced to a state of ruin up to a few years ago, the church of San Leonardo has recently undergone restoration and it is now possible to admire its simple beauty. The building, erected in the 16th century probably in a single continuous construction phase, is situated in the district of the same name in an elevated position, from which it dominates much of the town.

THE FESTIVALS

A fascinating journey amongst ancient traditions and





The course of the year is punctuated by numerous events that involve the entire population of Bari Sardo and the inhabitants of the environs. During these festivals, mainly of a religious nature, ancient rituals are celebrated and fascinating traditions are brought back to life.

The first months of the year are marked by the festivities in honor of St. Anthony the Abbot, by the *Bariese* carnival, with its Mardi Gras, and by Good Friday when, with the majestic, evocative Via Crucis procession, the Passion of Christ is reenacted. In the summer, in June, the *Corpus Domini* procession is held, while on the second Sunday in July, with the de Su Nenniri festival, the cult of St. John the Baptist is celebrated. This festival has ancient origins. In fact, it originated as a pagan festival and today it still has some nonreligious elements that distinguish it, and in which it is not difficult to recognize a close bond with the ancient cult of Adonis. The ritual of the festival, surprisingly similar to that of the gardens of Adonis, is repeated in the preparation of pots containing golden wheat sprouts (su nenniri) which, accompanied by magnificent oat straw crosses decorated with bows, by the characteristic bread of the festival. su pani pintau, and by the season's fruits, are carried in a procession from the church of San Giovanni to the sea and cast into the waves at the foot of the Spanish tower, as a propitiatory gesture. In September the town's patron saint, the Blessed Virgin of Monserrato, and Saints Michael and Jerome are celebrated.







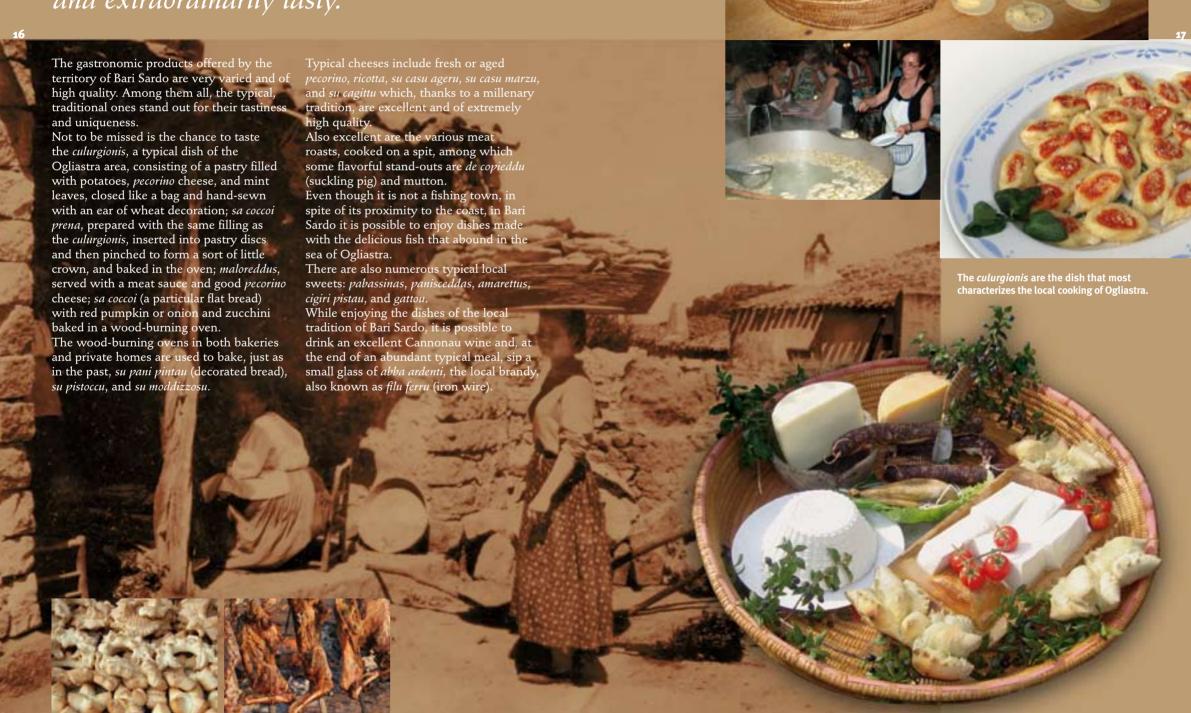




The festivals' nights are enlivened by folk and musical shows, food tastings, and fireworks, which attract thousands of persons.

AT THE TABLE

Simple, genuine flavors, often the fruit of an ancient tradition and extraordinarily tasty.



SOME ACTIVITIES TO HELP YOU ENJOY YOUR VACATION AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE

For eating, having fun, resting... or staying out all night.



Il residence sorge alle falde delle colline che circondano il bellissimo e limpido mare di Torre di Barì, immerso nella vegetazione mediterranea e a poche centinaia di metri dall'arenile



È costituito da monolocali a piano terra, arredati con cura e dotati di tutti i confort e può ospitare circa 40 persone.

È un ottimo punto di partenza sia per le escursioni sulle coste che nel massiccio del Gennargentu.









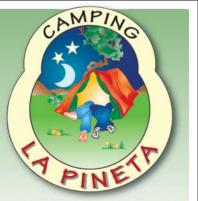


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Il campeggio LA PINETA ** immerso nel verde di encaliptus e pini ed a pochi passi dalla spiaggia di Planargía con il suo mare cristallino, è l'ideale per chi ama le vacanze tranquille a contatto con la natura, tra il mare e il verde, in un ambiente accogliente, pulito e confortevole... lontana dal traffico, è l'ideale per il soggiorno di tutte le persone desiderose di relax e di rapporti cordiali. Per í píù attivi, non mancherà la possibilità di praticare sport acquatici come kajak, surf, immersioni e partecipare alle numerose escursioni a piedi, a cavallo, in bicicletta, in barca nell'incontaminata natura della Sardegna. ... senza dimenticare la possibilità dí assaporare í <mark>píattí típící</mark> della <mark>cucina Sarda</mark>!!! Venite a trovarci...vi aspettiamo!!!



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USEFUL NUMBERS

ODLI OL INOMIDLIO		
Municipal Office of Bari Sardo	Via Cagliari, 90	0782 29523
Municipal Library Pro Loco Association	Centro Civico	0782 270070
(organization for the promotion of the territory)	Via Cagliari	0782 28078
Post Office Bank - Banco di Sardegna	Via Verdi Via Mare	0782 29513/270006 0782 29537
Public Phone	Via Cagliari	0782 29521
Medical Emergency Out-of-Hours Medical Service Tourist Medical Emergency Service First Aid/Emergency Ward - Lanusei Hospital ASL 4 - Reservation Center Ambulance Service - PAS Arcobaleno volontari	Via G. Deledda Loc. Torre di Barì Via Sardegna	118 0782 29478 0782 28112 0782 490211 800 490312 0782 28100
Pharmacy Loceri Pharmacy Tortolì Pharmacy Cardedu Pharmacy	Via Cagliari, 16 Via Roma Via Mons. Virgilio Via E. D'Arborea	0782 28274 0782 77075 0782 623030 0782 75955
Public Emergency Service Carabinieri Flying Squad Carabinieri Municipal Police Fire Department Coast Guard Reporting of electricity problems - ENEL	Via Puccini, 1 Via Cagliari	113 112 0782 29522 0782 28321 115 1530
24-hour repair service for gas - Fontenergia Spa	ı	0782 482077
Buses - ARST Gest. Ferrovie della Sardegna		800 460220

ACCOMMODATIONS, EATING OUT, AND RECREATION

RESIDENCES Hotel La Torre**** Loc. Torre di Barì Tel. 0782 28030 Fax 0782 29577 Residential hotel Domus de Janas *** Loc. Torre di Barì Tel. 0782 28081 Fax 0782 29361 Hotel Baia Azzurra*** Loc. Torre di Barì Tel. 0782 28988/7 Fax 0782 28985 Residence Stella dell'Est*** Via Maria Carta 24 Tel. 0782 29885 Fax 0782 29899 Residence Cort'e Accas*** Loc. Torre di Barì Via Sa Marina Tel. 0782 28973

Fax 0782 28972

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Fax 0782 28963

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RÉSTAURANTS-

Ciringhito Loc. Pranargia Tel. 328 6764812 Lido di Cea Loc. Cea Tel. 0782 28156 Baia Marina Loc. Sa Marina Tel. 329 2937379 Su Zilleri Via delle Mimose Tel. 328 4764731 Foxi Loc. Foxi Tel. 328 1044123 DIVING **ESTABLISHMENTS** Ogliastra Diving Via Cagliari 103 Tel. 340 4204725 **EXCURSIONS** Pranargia Noleggio di Pisanu Simona Loc. Pranargia Tel. 328 7137257

